

## DAME DOROTHY MARY DONALDSON (nee WARWICK) 1921-2003



Dame Dorothy Mary Donaldson, philanthropist, was born 29 August 1921 and died 4 October 2003 aged 82. Although her first name was Dorothy, she preferred to be called Mary.

Her parents were Reginald George Gale Warwick and Dorothy Alice Bennett. Dorothy was baptised at St Nicholas Church on 2

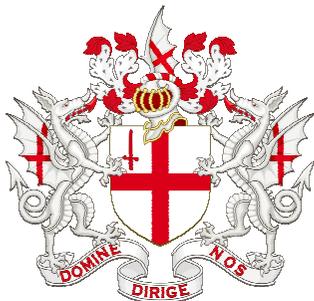


October 1921. Born in Wickham, in what is now Warwick Lane shopping arcade, she was the daughter of an ironmonger and his school-teacher wife. She attended Portsmouth High School for Girls, left school at 16 and, after a year teaching English in Paris, trained in Oxford as a state-registered nurse, qualifying in 1946.

*continued...*

After qualifying, she moved to the Wingfield Morris Orthopaedic Hospital, (now the Nuffield), Oxford, and then to the Middlesex Hospital, London, where her patients included soldiers returning from Dunkirk and victims of the Blitz. At Stoke Mandeville she also cared for burned airmen.

In 1945 she met him John Donaldson, (a Lieutenant-Colonel serving with the Army), when his mother had been a patient at the Middlesex. She married him in Wickham, wearing a borrowed wedding dress and carrying a bouquet of bronze chrysanthemums. She. He became an eminent judge an was knighted. By 1966, Mary had three children and loved family life.



Sir John Donaldson became President of the National Industrial Relations Court and then Master of the Rolls from 1982 to 1992. He

achieved the peerage as Lord Donaldson of Lymington.

After her children had grown, Mary Donaldson decided to stand for election to her local authority, which was the Corporation of London.

The list of Mary Donaldson's achievements is a long one. She became Chairman of the Women's National Cancer Control Campaign from 1967 to 1969 and then Vice President of the British Cancer Council. When she herself developed cancer and underwent a double mastectomy, she intensified her efforts to encourage other women to seek checkups and to try to help remove the fear and stigma attached to cancer at the time. Mary was Chairperson of the Interim Licensing Authority for Human In-Vitro Fertilisation and Embryology for six years from 1985, addressing the moral issues that arose from research in this area.

*continued...*

She was president of the British Association of Cancer United Patients from 1985 to 1993, and she was Vice-President of the British Cancer Council in 1970, a member of the North East Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board (1970-74), of the North East Thames Regional Health Authority (1976-81); and a Governor of the London Hospital from 1971 to 1974, and of Great Ormond St Hospital for Sick Children from 1978 to 1980.

She was a member of the Inner London Education Authority (1968-71) and a governor of the City of London School for Girls (1971-83), of Berkhamsted Schools (1976-80) and of Charterhouse (1980-85). She also served on the committee of the Royal Humane Society (1968-83). From 1991 to 1995 she was a member of the Press Complaints Commission, and she was chairman of the Council of the Banking Ombudsman from 1985 to 1994. She was vice-president of Counsel and Care for the Elderly from 1980. She was a liveryman of the Gardeners' Company and a member of the

Guild of Freemen. She was an honorary Fellow of Girton College, Cambridge.

She was a School Governor of the City of London School for girls, Berkhamsted School and Charterhouse School and a member of several Regional Hospital Boards, and a Governor of the London Hospital and the Great Ormond Street Children's Hospital. From 1968 to 1971, she was the only non-party political member of the Inner London Education Authority. Quite a range of achievements!

None of this prevented her from standing for the Farringdon Without ward on the Common Council of the City of London which was her Local Authority. Her successful election in 1975 made her the first woman in 800 years to sit as a Member of the Corporation and an Alderman of the City of London, and in 1981, the first woman in 1,200 years to become the Sheriff of London.

*continued...*



she refused to call herself "chairwoman" or "Lady Mayoress" and at Guildhall fined people £1 in aid of charity, the NSPCC, if they incorrectly addressed her. She was appointed GBE in 1983.

Her slogan was "It's people that matter", a principle that dominated her long period of public service. She was proud to be non-party political, and shunned the idea of she being a trail-blazing feminist. She simply wanted to make the world a better place. Public recognition mattered less to her than the work she did to help charities.

In 1983 she became the first, (and, to date, only), female Lord Mayor in the 800-year history of the office. During her term in office,

Mary enjoyed gardening, sailing and skiing. She and Lord Donaldson were a devoted couple.

